

## **Historic, Archive Document**

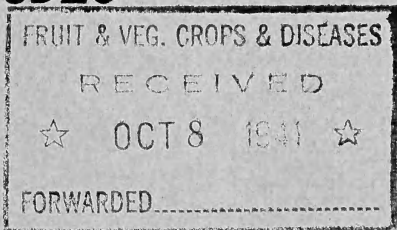
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# **SHELBY PLANT CATALOG**

**SEASON OF 1941—1942**

**STRAWBERRY PLANTS**  
**FRUIT TREES ★ GRAPE VINES**  
**NUT TREES ★ SMALL FRUITS**  
**ROSES ★ BERRIES**  
**KUDZU**



**HIGHEST QUALITY STOCK**  
**AT LOWEST PRICES**



**SHELBY PLANT FARMS,**  
**MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE**

## TO OUR FRIENDS

We are listing in this little catalogue a rather complete list of fruit trees, nut trees, grape vines, roses, berry and other plants. They are strictly good, being well-grown and high in quality. We know how and will dig and pack them so as to reach you in perfect condition. There is nothing cheap about them except the price. Send us your order and let us convince you of our ability to serve you well.

WE GUARANTEE all of our stock to be healthy and true to name, and will replace any that prove to be otherwise. In no case, however, are we liable for any amount greater than that paid for the stock.

ATTACHED TO EACH SHIPMENT is the official certificate of the State Entomologist, certifying that the stock is free of harmful insects and diseases.

We begin shipping strawberry plants October 15 and continue until early May. Start shipping fruit trees and small fruit plants November 1 and continue until April 15.

If trees or vines are wanted for commercial orchards, ask for prices in 1,000 or 10,000 lots, stating varieties and sizes wanted.



## STRAWBERRIES

Certified. State inspected. New ground grown. Free of disease. Roots moss wrapped.

**BLAKEMORE.** (Yellows-free Strain) Early. Heavy producer. Fine quality and highly colored berries. Excellent shipper. Good home and market berry. Berries light red in color, firm and attractive. One of the very best varieties.

**MISSIONARY.** Early, dark red in color. Good shipper. Will do well on most soils, but especially well on lighter and sandy soils.

**KLONDYKE.** Early. One of the leading shipping berries. Also a favorite for home use. Berries light red in color and firm.

**AROMA.** Late or mid-season. Berries light red in color, large, and quite attractive. Good for home use and market, being one of the leading shippers. Does best on the heavier soils.

**DORSETT.** Early. Beautiful bright red berries. Extra good quality. Fine yielder. One of the greatest berries known, both for home use and market.

**DUNLAP.** Medium size, dark red, good quality berry. Ripens medium early.

Prices on above varieties:

Collect for Express or Postage:

100	250	500	1,000	5,000	10,000
\$ .70	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$2.50	\$11.25	\$20.00

Prices Prepaid:

100	250	500	1,000
\$ .80	\$1.35	\$2.25	\$3.50

**FAIRFAX.** Large berry. Bright deep red. Fine quality. Ripens medium early.

**PREMIER.** (Howard 17). Berry large and bright red. Excellent flavor and quality. Ripens early. Heavy yielder.

**KLONMORE.** A new early variety bred by Louisiana Experiment Station. A cross between Klondyke and Blakemore. Much better quality than Klondyke, and 10 days earlier. Resistant to leaf spot and scorch. Excellent yielder.

**MORGAN.** A new, medium late variety. Has been tested from Florida to Ohio, and has shown up fine. Fruit large to very large, bright red in color, and ripens with no white tips. Firm and equal to Blakemore in shipping quality. Has an apricot flavor that is quite pleasing. Quality of fruit of the best. Has consistently sold at 50c to \$1.00 above Aroma. Because it blooms late it seldom suffers from frost damage. Has perfect flowers, pollinating itself perfectly.

## STRAWBERRIES

**DAYBREAK AND FAIRMORE.** These two are new varieties, and were bred and developed by Dr. Darrow of U. S. Department of Agriculture. Both very fine quality.

**CATSKILL.** Big, bright red berries. Excellent quality. Heavy yielder. Ripens midseason.

Prices on above varieties:

Collect for Express or Postage:

100	250	500	1,000	5,000	10,000
\$ .80	\$1.25	\$1.75	\$2.75	\$12.50	\$22.50

Prices Prepaid:

100	250	500	1,000
\$ .95	\$1.75	\$2.50	\$4.25

**GEM EVERBEARING.** By far the best of the Everbearers. Quality of berry is good. High yielder. Ships well.

Price on Gem Everbearing:

Collect for Express or Postage:

100	250	500	1,000	5,000	10,000
\$ .90	\$1.75	\$2.75	\$5.00	\$20.00	\$35.00

Prices Prepaid:

100	250	500	1,000	5,000
\$1.00	\$2.25	\$3.50	\$6.00	

## HOW TO GROW STRAWBERRIES

Strawberries may be set any month during the year, but the best time is fall, winter, or early spring. In the South most of them are usually set between October and early April. However, there is much to be gained by setting during October, November and December.

The strawberry will grow well on almost any type of soil, provided it is well drained and fertile. In preparation for setting the plants the ground should be broken deep and thoroughly pulverized by harrowing. Lay off rows  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet wide with a rather deep furrow or trench. Put in the bottom of this furrow a good commercial fertilizer such as a 6-8-6, 4-8-4 or 4-8-6 at the rate of 500 to 1000 pounds per acre, or two to four pounds for each 100 feet of row space. Then bed back with two furrows. Get the fertilizer deep enough so that when the strawberry plants are set the roots will be at least two inches above the fertilizer.

Set strawberry plants from 18 to 24 inches apart in rows  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet wide. Blakemore should be set 30 inches apart. Plants set during late winter or early spring will produce a few berries that season, but to get the best plants for producing a heavy crop the following season pinch off the few blooms that appear the first season. When set 18 inches apart in rows  $3\frac{1}{2}$  feet wide 7,800 plants will set an acre, and 6,300 if 24 inches apart. When set 30 inches apart 5,000 will set an acre.

Cultivate throughout spring, summer and into fall. Do not disturb the runners as they develop. Allow them to run over the row and take root wherever they will.

In late August or early September give an application of the same fertilizer recommended for use before setting. Scatter broadcast on top of the plants, covering the whole row and middle, and follow immediately with a broom or brush and sweep the fertilizer off the leaves. Apply when leaves are dry. Use 500 to 1,000 pounds per acre, or two to four pounds for each 100 feet of row space. Give another application of the same kind and amount of fertilizer in fall, October to early December, because it is during fall that buds are forming to produce berries the following season.

## BLACKBERRIES, DEWBERRIES, AND STANDARD (Thorny) YOUNGBERRIES

Blackberry Varieties—McDonald, El Dorado, Alfred.

Dewberry Varieties—Lucretia.

Youngberry Varieties—Standard (thorny) Youngberry.

Collect for Express or Postage:

50	100	500	1,000
<b>\$1.75</b>	<b>\$3.00</b>	<b>\$9.00</b>	<b>\$15.00</b>

Prices Prepaid:

6	10	25	50
<b>\$ .50</b>	<b>\$ .75</b>	<b>\$1.25</b>	<b>\$2.00</b>

**ACME THORNLESS YOUNGBERRY (Patented).** A fine new youngberry, without thorns, a prolific bearer. Produces especially large and fine berries. The Youngberry is conceded to be an outstanding berry of the bramble type.

**BOYSENBERRY PLANTS.** (Thorny or Thornless variety). Said to be the biggest and finest berry known. Has very few seed, fine flavor. A vigorous grower.

Collect for Express or Postage:

10	25	100	500	1,000
<b>\$1.00</b>	<b>\$1.75</b>	<b>\$6.00</b>	<b>\$20.00</b>	<b>\$35.00</b>

Prepaid:

3	6	10	25	100
<b>\$ .60</b>	<b>\$ .90</b>	<b>\$1.50</b>	<b>\$2.50</b>	<b>\$7.50</b>

## RASPBERRIES

Varieties—Latham (red), St. Regis (red), Cuthbert (red), Cumberland (black), Kansas (black).

Collect for Express or Postage:

50	100	500	1,000
<b>\$2.75</b>	<b>\$4.25</b>	<b>\$17.50</b>	<b>\$27.50</b>

Prepaid:

6	10	25	50
<b>\$1.00</b>	<b>\$1.50</b>	<b>\$2.75</b>	<b>\$4.25</b>

## HOW TO GROW RASPBERRIES

Set plants three feet apart in rows seven feet wide. This will require 2100 plants to set an acre. Many set two plants in each hill as this method usually gives almost double the yield as where only one plant is set to the hill.

Set any time from fall to early spring. Cultivate from early spring until fall, just enough to keep down weeds and grass. Where one has only a few plants in the home garden a heavy mulch of straw or hay will keep down weeds and grass, conserve moisture, and make success more certain with this berry.

As soon as fruit is all picked cut out canes and burn as these will die anyway and never produce any more fruit. Cultivate new shoots just as was done when first were set.

## GRAPES

Varieties—Concord, Delaware, White Niagara, Moore's Early, Campbell's Early, Fredonia, Ives.

3	10	25	100
\$ .50	\$1.60	\$2.75	\$11.00

## SCUPPERNONGS

White or Black Varieties. Large berries. Juicy and excellent flavor. Every Southern home should have a few of these, as they are delicious and ripen in late summer and fall when other fruits are not so abundant.

Prices on Scuppernongs:

Size: Strong, well rooted.

1	10	25	100
\$ .50	\$4.50	\$10.00	\$37.00

## KUDZU CROWNS

Two Years Old

Kudzu is particularly good for rough areas that are accessible for pasture. Kudzu will gradually establish itself, stop washing and build up the land if left there long enough. Many dairymen have found kudzu especially valuable in supplementing their permanent pastures. In very dry spells when pasture dries up, kudzu is there with abundant green feed.

By express or collect for postage:

25	50	100	500	1,000
\$ .60	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$6.00	\$9.50

Prepaid:

10	25	50	75	100
\$ .75	\$1.00	\$1.75	\$2.50	\$2.75

## HOW TO GROW KUDZU

Kudzu is one of the very promising forage crops of the South. Its good qualities are in its feeding value, its abundance of growth, in the permanency of the planting and its ability to fill up gullies and stop washing of land. It is a legume and is equal in feeding value to soybeans, cowpeas and some claim it is even equal to alfalfa.

It is started by planting the roots. These should come from plants that are two or three years old. The roots should be planted or at least heeled in immediately on receipt and before they have time to dry out. They should be planted in deep furrows and must be planted with the crown up. About one to two inches is plenty deep to cover the crowns. Set crowns 4½ feet apart in rows 10 feet wide, which means 1,000 crowns to set an acre.

Unless the land is rich, it should have some manuring in order to permit rapid growth. The land should be cultivated a few times, except where planted on gullied or steep land, in order to keep down outside growth in order that the runners of these plants may be in contact with the soil, and, therefore, take root. About the second year begin doing some cutting because everything that is high enough to cut is not low enough to take root. This first cutting is where one will have most of the trouble.

After the runners have taken root all over the space, you will have hosts of young plants, each of which will be sending its runners and these should be cut two, possibly three, times each year. If you do not cut early but wait until late in the season, the stuff may produce such a heavy growth that it will shade itself out.



## ROSES

Two years old. Number 1 stock. Field grown. Fine in every respect.

## VARIETIES:

## RED

Red Radiance	American Beauty
Crusader	Etoile de Hollande
Francis Scott Key	Sensation
E. G. Hill	Daily Mail

## PINK

Paul Neyron	Pink Radiance
Briarcliff	Columbia
Editor McFarland	Edith Nellie Perkins
Killarney	Los Angeles

## YELLOW

Sunburst	Luxembourg
Golden Dawn	Betty Grace Clark
Independence Day	Joanna Hill
Mrs. E. P. Thom	Roslyn

## WHITE

White Killarney	Caledonia
Edel	Frau Karl Druschki

## CLIMBING VARIETIES

Paul's Scarlet	Red Radiance
Francis Scott King	Pink Radiance
Marechal Neil	Talisman

Prices on Roses, Prepaid:

3 plants .....	\$ .95	25 plants .....	\$6.50
5 plants .....	1.35	50 plants .....	12.00
10 plants .....	2.65	100 plants .....	24.00

## APPLES

The following varieties have proven their merit over a long period of time, and will please, whether planted in home or commercial orchard.

## SUMMER APPLES

**RED JUNE.** Dark red color. Flesh tender, with a mild sub-acid flavor. Highly productive and an excellent eating apple.

**EARLY HARVEST.** Pale yellow color. A rich sprightly flavor. Fine for home use or market.

**HORSE.** Yellow color. Slightly acid and good. Popular for cooking and drying, and a most excellent cider apple.

**YELLOW TRANSPARENT.** Light yellow color. Smooth waxen surface. Flesh white. Excellent quality for an early apple. Good keeper and shipper. Tree somewhat dwarfish in growth.

## FALL AND WINTER APPLES

**BLACK BEN DAVIS (Gano).** Solid deep red color. The very best of the Ben Davis type, being far superior to any of the other kindred sorts. Large apple. Trees vigorous and productive. A profitable market apple.

## FALL AND WINTER APPLES, continued

**DELICIOUS.** Dark red color, blending to a golden yellow at blossom end. One of the choicest apples known, whether for home use or market.

**YELLOW DELICIOUS.** One of the finest apples in existence. Well suited to the South. Bears at very young age. Be sure to plant some of this variety.

**GRIMES GOLDEN.** Rich golden yellow color. Flesh tender. Mild sub-acid. Tree hardy and vigorous. Early and prolific bearer.

**ROME BEAUTY.** Color is yellow, striped with red. Fruit tender, juicy, and of fine flavor.

**STAYMAN WINESAP.** Dark rich red, indistinctly striped. Fruit fine-grained, rich, juicy, tender, and of highest quality. Tree quite productive and a strong grower.

**YORK IMPERIAL.** Greenish yellow, nearly covered with bright red. Large, tender and juicy. Heavy bearer and an excellent keeper.

## PRICES ON APPLES

	3	10	25	100
18-24 inches .....	\$ .60	\$1.50	\$3.50	\$10.00
2-3 feet .....	.65	1.75	3.75	11.00
3-4 feet .....	.70	2.25	4.25	12.00
4-5 feet .....	.75	2.50	5.00	14.00

## PEACHES

The peach varieties listed herewith are the leaders and will prove quite satisfactory if given a fair show. They are listed in the order of ripening, from early to late.

## VERY EARLY PEACHES

**MAYFLOWER.** Semi-cling. Earliest peach known. Blooms late and therefore seldom damaged by frost. Fruit medium size, bright red color, tender and juicy.

## SECOND-EARLY PEACHES

**ARP BEAUTY.** Semi-cling. Yellowish red color. Good quality and flavor. Tree vigorous and quite productive.

**EARLY ROSE.** Semi-cling. Brilliant red color. Flesh tender and of best quality. Tree vigorous, hardy, and an early bearer. Fine for home use and market.

**GREENSBORO.** Semi-cling. Light and dark red, shaded yellow, which makes it beautiful.

**RED BIRD.** Cling. Deep red all over. Flesh firm. A fine shipper. Large fruit.

## EARLY SUMMER PEACHES

**CARMAN.** Semi-cling. Yellowish white, dotted and flushed with red. Good quality and flavor. Fruits heavily. Bears young.

**HILEY.** (Early Belle). Free. Dotted pink on under side and brilliant red next to sun. Quality surpassed by few if any other varieties. Excellent for home use or shipping.

## MIDSUMMER PEACHES

**BELLE OF GEORGIA.** Free. Skin faint pink, rich red in sun. Highest quality. Fruit very large.

**CHINESE CLING.** Cling. Creamy white, with beautiful blush. Large size and excellent quality.

**ELBERTA.** Free. Skin reddish yellow, faintly striped with dull red. Flesh yellow. Excellent shipper.

**INDIAN.** Cling. Dingy red with red veins. Flesh dull red.

**J. H. HALE.** Free. Skin yellow with glowing red on upper side. Very little fuzz. Flesh yellow. Seems to do best on red clay land.

## PRICES ON PEACHES:

	3	10	25	100
18-24 inches .....	\$ .50	\$1.50	\$3.00	\$ 8.00
2-3 feet .....	.55	1.75	3.25	10.00
3-4 feet .....	.65	2.00	4.00	16.00
4-5 feet .....	.75	2.75	5.00	20.00

## PEARS

The varieties which we list are the leaders.

**BARTLETT.** Yellow. Flesh white. Sweet. Very juicy. One of the best eating pears in cultivation.

**GARBER.** Ripens between Bartlett and Keiffer. Good quality and grows well almost everywhere.

**KEIFFER.** Fruit large, dotted yellow, with dull crimson where sun hits it. Especially fine for preserving and canning.

**SECKLE.** Small but very sweet and fine quality. A heavy bearer.

## PRICES ON PEARS:

	3	10	25	100
18-24 inches .....	\$ .75	\$2.25	\$4.50	\$15.00
2-3 feet .....	.90	2.75	5.75	20.00
3-4 feet .....	1.10	3.50	7.50	30.00
4-5 feet .....	1.25	5.00	11.00	36.00

## PLUMS

**ABUNDANCE.** Bright yellow fruit, almost covered with red. Flesh yellow.

**BURBANK.** Fruit yellow, overspread with red. Yellow flesh. Excellent quality.

**RED JUNE.** Deep red, almost purple when fully ripe. Very early and highly productive.

**WICKSON.** Light red fruit. Very large and of highest quality.

## PRICES ON PLUMS

	3	10	25	100
18-24 inches .....	\$ .65	\$2.25	\$5.00	\$15.00
2-3 feet .....	.75	2.50	6.00	18.00
3-4 feet .....	.90	3.00	7.50	25.00
4-5 feet .....	1.25	4.00	10.00	36.00

## CHERRIES

**EARLY RICHMOND.** Fruit a beautiful dark red. Good quality and one of the best varieties for South.

**MONTMORENCY.** A fine sour variety. This and Early Richmond best of the sour kinds, and do well in most of the South.

**BLACK TARTARIAN.** Blackish red color. Large, tender, sweet, and excellent quality sweet cherry.

**BING.** A quite large cherry and one of the very best of the sweet varieties.

### PRICES ON CHERRIES

	3	10	25	100
18-24 inches .....	\$1.25	\$4.00	\$10.00	\$35.00
2 feet .....	1.85	6.00	15.00	50.00
3 feet .....	2.15	7.00	17.50	60.00
4 feet .....	2.75	9.00	23.00	80.00

## FIGS

**BROWN TURKEY.** Brown color. Sweet. Excellent quality. Hardy tree and a heavy bearer. Bears second year.

**CELESTIAL.** Fruit very sweet and of highest quality. Prolific bearer, and hardiest of all figs.

**BRUNSWICK.** Very large fruit. Purple color.

	1	5	10	100
2-3 feet .....	\$ .35	\$1.65	\$3.00	\$28.00
3-4 feet .....	.45	2.15	4.00	38.00

## JAPANESE PERSIMMONS

**TANE NASHI.** Fruit very large, deep yellow, usually without seed. Excellent flavor. Tree of moderate size, never growing large like the wild persimmon. Starts bearing when two or three years old.

### PRICES ON JAPANESE PERSIMMONS

	1	5	10	100
2-3 feet .....	\$ .55	\$2.50	\$4.50	\$42.00
3-4 feet .....	.65	3.00	5.50	52.00

## MULBERRY

**HICKS EVERBEARING.** A fine fruit to eat fresh. Excellent for chickens and hogs. Bears six to ten weeks. Good crop in four years. Prices same as for Figs.

## PECANS

**STUART.** Large nuts. A heavy bearer and a good grower. Probably the best variety for home use. Also known as one of the best market varieties.

**SCHLEY.** Nuts very thin shelled. Meat of best flavor, and of highest quality.

**TEXAS PROLIFIC.** Thin shell, early and heavy bearer. Long and large nut. Fine quality kernel.

**SUCCESS.** One of the best varieties. Nut oblong in shape. Heavy and regular bearer.

### Prices on pecans as follows:

	1	5	10	100
2-3 feet .....	\$1.00	\$4.50	\$8.00	\$75.00
3-4 feet .....	1.20	5.50	10.00	90.00

## ORDER BLANK

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**SHELBY PLANT FARMS,**  
**Memphis, Tenn.**

Gentlemen:

I enclose herewith \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
for which please send me by

☐ Express Prepaid                      ☐ Parcel Post Paid

☐ Express Not Prepaid (check proper square)

plants as follows: \_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Post Office \_\_\_\_\_

Rural Route \_\_\_\_\_ Box No. \_\_\_\_\_

Express Office \_\_\_\_\_

State \_\_\_\_\_

